



ASBESTOS SURVEYING / MANAGEMENT & CONSULTANCY

Report Reference No: PEL-00103

St Andrews
Church Building:
Church Street, Keighley BD21 5HT /
Hall:
Market Street, Keighley, BD21 5AD



Asbestos Refurbishment Survey Report

Date 06/12/2024

Surveyed by: I Rajch

Phillip Environmental Ltd

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1 . 0 I N T R O D U C T I O N

Caveat

- I.1 PEL (Philip Environmental Ltd) has received an invitation to carry out an Asbestos Refurbishment Survey on the property at St Andrews Church (Building) Church Street, Keighley BD21 5HT – St Andrews Church (Hall) Market Street, Keighley, BD21 5AD.
- I.2 This survey, report and register relates principally to asbestos containing materials (ACM).
- I.3 There are principally three types of survey available:
Walk through / Visual Inspection (with sampling) / Structural Intrusive Survey (with sampling)
- Structural Intrusive Survey (with sampling)
- I.4 The purpose of the survey is to identify and record the location, type, extent, and condition of all visible asbestos containing materials together with associated contamination in order for the duty holder to comply with regulation 4 (duty to manage asbestos) from the 2012 Asbestos Regulations and implement a priority risk assessment, and to advise upon the safe removal of the asbestos materials (if applicable) identified prior to the demolition of the building.
- I.5 To amplify, this document sets out the outline survey and sampling strategies that have been adopted by PEL; the purpose of which is to demonstrate that PE has fully considered the scope of the survey and has the resources required to professionally undertake and complete the work.

This report is not intended to form the basis for the tender for asbestos removal. Any contractor should satisfy themselves as to the full extent of and the difficulties of gaining access to any identified asbestos containing materials (ACMs). Please also note that any priority assessments reported are not normally part of the survey but are given to assist in the formulation of any future management plan. This is normally initiated by the person responsible for the management of the asbestos material and not the surveyor. Any priority assessment scores that may be given are provisional and based on the surveyor's assessment at the time the survey was carried out. As the survey takes place over a relatively short period, there will not be sufficient time to form an accurate assessment of factors such as normal occupancy or activity levels.

Every reasonable effort has been made to ensure that the information contained in this report is as accurate, and as comprehensive as was practicable at the time of preparation. It is not reasonably practicable to categorically state whether an area is free of all asbestos containing materials. PE cannot therefore accept liability for loss: injury: damage: or penalty caused by omissions or errors contained in this report. The report does not waive the responsibility of the building owner, contractor etc; to ascertain for himself as to the composition of materials which may be disturbed or with which he may work.

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2.0 THE SITE

St Andrew's church is a medieval foundation rebuilt in 1846-8 to a design by ecclesiastical architect Robert Dennis Chantrell.

Several medieval monuments survive inside the church, including two medieval grave covers and early medieval standing stone cross fragments. There is also a font dated 1661 now located at the east end of the south aisle. The church building has been substantially reordered in the later part of the 20th century, with nave pews replaced by unfixed seating and a glazed narthex beneath the surviving portion of Chantrell's original west gallery, which has been truncated but retains its original tiered seating.



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3 . 0 B A C K G R O U N D

- 3.1 The client requires an asbestos survey and register to assess any possible asbestos risk so that any asbestos can be removed prior to refurbishment.
- 3.2 The main purpose of adopting this approach is to enable those responsible for the building to fulfil their obligations under:
 - 1) The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974
 - 2) The Control of Asbestos Regulations (CAR) 2012
 - 3) Approved Code of Practice L143
 - 4) The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999
 - 5) Approved Code of Practice and Guidance L21 (Second Edition)
 - 6) The Construction, Design and Management Regulations 2007 (where applicable)
 - 7) The Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1992
 - 8) Approved Code of Practice and Guidance L24
 - 9) A new Approved Code of Practice and a minor amendment to the Health & Safety (Enforcing Authority) Regulations 1998
 - 10) Asbestos and man-made fibres in buildings Practical Guidance DETR (Fourth edition)
 - 11) Health & Safety in Construction HSG150
 - 12) General COSHH ACOP 2002
 - 13) Managing asbestos in workplace buildings 2002
 - 14) The Occupiers Liability Acts 1957 & 1984
 - 15) Asbestos – The Survey Guide 2010
 - 16) MDHS 77 June 1994

4.0 SURVEY PLAN

- 4.1 This survey is a Refurbishment Report.
- 4.2 The procedure for the survey will be to seek out through meticulous and sequential investigations and observations as far as is reasonably practicable, all asbestos containing materials (**ACM**) within the confines of the building. All suspect materials will be comprehensively sampled. The findings shall be clearly presented in tabulated format showing the type, condition, extent and position of the asbestos materials. Photographs shall be taken to further inform upon the exact position and configuration of the asbestos materials. Conclusions shall be drawn giving advice on best methods of removals and of any problematic or difficult areas of removals or building structure, which may affect the safety of the removal operators or those close by.
- 4.3 All work will be checked using a random quality checking method of re-visiting the areas of work and observing the sample points and general areas for omissions. Should any non-conformances be found then a full check of the specific area in question shall be made.
- 4.4 The main objective for the survey is to access all areas of the building. Any area found to be difficult to access will be accessed by whatever means available. It is the intention of the survey to be thoroughly intrusive.
- 4.5 The sampling method will be as stated in the following section.
- 4.6 Initial desktop studies of the building indicated the approximate number of samples would be in the region of 0-10 the total number of samples was 9
- 4.7 Representative sampling was also adopted.

5.0 SAMPLING STRATEGY METHOD

- 5.1 The object of carrying out sampling is to identify the type of any asbestos fibre within a suspect material in the building.
- 5.1.1 Those analysing samples are to be UKAS Accredited to comply with EN45001.
- 5.2 All sampling shall be thorough and intrusive and access to all and any areas within the building will be made in order to locate, identify and describe as far as is reasonably practicable any and all asbestos containing materials.
- 5.3 Phillip Environmental Ltd adopts a similar sampling strategy as per the HSG 264 – Asbestos the survey guide – HSE.

Spray Coating

- (i) samples should be taken of approximately 5cm² at a rate of one sample per 10-15m²; or;
- (ii) in installations exceeding 100m², one sample per 25-30m²;
- (iii) at least one sample should be taken from each patched area.

Lagging

- (i) in general, one sample should be taken per three metre run of pipe;
- (ii) particular attention to be paid to re-insulated pipework, patched areas and different layers of insulation;
- (iii) for long pipe runs over 20m, one sample per six metres will usually be sufficient;
- (iv) samples should be taken as a 'core' of approximately 5cm² cross section;
- (v) at least two samples of boiler lagging should be taken. Additional samples should be taken from each separate 'patched' area.

Insulating Board

one sample (of approximately 5cm²) per sheet should be necessary. If numerous seemingly identical pieces or sheets have been used in one area, two or three sheets should be sampled; if they contain asbestos, the others can be assumed to do so.

Ropes and Yarns

a single small piece of rope or yarn will be sufficient for identification.

Cloth

a small fragment should be sufficient for analysis.

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Millboard and paper	one sample per sheet will be sufficient.
Cement Products	two or three samples (approximately 5cm ²) should be sufficient for a roof or 'run' of guttering or pipework.
Bitumen roofing felt, damp proof course, gutter lining and flashing	one small sample per roll or run of felt or other material should be sufficient.
Textured coatings	two or three samples should be taken in different areas of the coated area.
Thermoplastic floor tiles	one sample from one tile of each colour used in each room or location where they are laid.
Unbaked PVC flooring	one sample per roll or per room.
'Backed' cushion floor or embossed floor covering	one sample per roll or per room of 'backing' material.

In addition to the above:

Debris/Dust	bulk samples of dust/debris in areas of damaged asbestos material taken as necessary to establish extent of contamination.
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6 . 0 A S B E S T O S M A T E R I A L S U R V E Y S T R A T E G Y

- 6.1 A strategy has been developed by Phillip Environmental Ltd in the case of removing all asbestos within any building due for demolition or refurbishment, which makes it necessary to undertake a Demolition / Refurbishment Survey.
- 6.2 Where the surveyor suspects a material contains asbestos and has not been identified previously then a bulk sample will be taken for analysis. Samples will be taken in accordance with Phillip Environmental Ltd standard procedures. In areas where there are substantial quantities of visually uniform materials, then a small number of samples will be taken as being representative of the whole area. Because of this strategy, the client must interpret the results such that where asbestos is detected in a material (such as board or beam cladding) then all visually similar material in the same area must be assumed to contain asbestos.
- 6.3 Where the surveyor cannot access wells, shafts, sub floors or building voids these areas must be assumed to possibly contain asbestos materials and therefore prior to any refurbishment being undertaken, these areas must be broken through and accessed. This will ensure that all areas of the building are surveyed and all asbestos containing materials will be identified and subsequently removed.
- 6.4 Where there are large numbers of identical items distributed in numerous locations throughout the site, e.g. cement flue pipes, oven door seals etc; analysis will be carried out on one item by the surveyor, the client must assume that all identical items have the same composition as the one sampled.
- 6.5 Where suspect materials are identified by the surveyor, which are in a condition likely to lead to uncontrolled exposure to asbestos fibres, the client will be informed as soon as practicable. The surveyor will provide assistance in the abatement of the materials identified prior to removal before refurbishment.

6.6 Specific Site Considerations

- 6.6.1 Phillip Environmental Ltd confirms that these details are based upon being given reasonable unrestricted access. Where access confirmed by prior arrangement is denied to Phillip Environmental Ltd staff, additional costs incurred would be charged to the client.
- 6.6.2 Phillip Environmental Ltd has liaised with the customer representative regarding security and safety measures during the course of the survey.
- 6.6.3 Phillip Environmental Ltd allowed for undertaking all site inspection and sampling during and outside normal business hours.

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6.7 Priority Rating System

6.7.1 In the event that asbestos-bearing material is identified a priority rating system has been developed by Phillip Environmental Ltd.
The system will allow the client to:

- Manage the asbestos removal
- Plan abatement.

6.7.2 A Priority rating will be assigned to each sample taken and is based on:

- The fibre type, e.g. Amosite, Chrysotile, Crocidolite;
- The type of asbestos, spray, lagging, board, cement;
- The condition e.g. good, poor;
- The location e.g. low level, sealed;
- The operating condition e.g. workshop, roof void.

It is included to assist the client in determining priorities when drawing up a programme of action for asbestos removal, however, it must be stressed that priorities for action must be drawn up using the priority together with a consideration of the location of the material and any work methods and schedules which may result in disturbance of the material under controlled conditions during preparations for removal.

6.7.3 To summarise, the priority assessment is also the priority for action in sequence of removal. The specifics of this approach will allow the removal operatives a better view of the safety constraints and measures to be undertaken when removing the asbestos.

6.7.4 The priority ratings are defined as follows:

6.7.5 Priority 4 - not an asbestos containing material.

6.7.6 Priority 3 - indicates the material contains asbestos (**ACM**) but is in a condition and/or location which does not give rise to a significant health risk PROVIDED IT REMAINS UNDISTURBED by personnel carrying out survey work activities or removal preparations, which could cause impact or abrasion of the material. Priority '3' is valid as a priority rating only if this proviso is maintained. Removal operatives are advised to be alert to any changes in work activities in areas where category 3 materials are located.

For the purpose of removal of the asbestos a priority 3 would mean that the asbestos is unlikely to present an immediate danger when setting up for removals as long as it remains undisturbed.

6.7.7 Priority 2 - indicates the material contains asbestos (**ACM**) and is in a location and/or condition, which require some action. The action may be relatively simple such as applying a sealant coat to the surfaces of boards. Category '2' materials can be enclosed or encapsulated and managed in

situ. It is recommended that consideration be given to the protection and removal of this material before priority 3 materials.

For the purpose of removal of the asbestos actions are required prior to setting up for removals to ensure that removal operatives or others are not exposed to asbestos before removal takes place, by disturbance of the material.

6.7.8 Priority I - indicates materials which contain asbestos (**ACM**) and which are in a condition and/or location, which are likely to give rise to uncontrolled exposure to asbestos fibres and therefore require urgent attention. Category 'I' these materials require immediate action and should be removed as appropriate as soon as possible in accordance with the 2012 Asbestos Regulations.

7 . 0 R E P O R T D E T A I L S

- 7.1 The survey was undertaken over a period of on ½ day.
- 7.2 All areas of the facility were visually, and many areas were disturbed to reveal any hidden asbestos containing materials.
- 7.3.1 Photographic records of all the major areas investigated are in section 11. And, within the register document in section 15.
- 7.3.2 The following information is the complete list of areas accessed.

Areas Not Accessed

8.0 MATERIAL ASSESSMENT AND ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION REGISTER

	SCORE	
Product Type (or debris from product)	1	Asbestos- reinforced composites (plastics, resins, mastics, roofing felts, vinyl floor tiles, semi-rigid paints or decorative finishes, asbestos cement etc).
	2	Asbestos insulating board, millboards, other low-density insulation boards, Asbestos textiles, gaskets, ropes and woven textiles, asbestos paper and felt.
	3	Thermal insulation (e.g. pipe and boiler lagging), sprayed asbestos, loose asbestos, asbestos mattresses and packing.
Extent of damage/deterioration	0	Good condition: no visible damage.
	1	Low damage: a few scratches or surface marks; broken edges on boards, tiles etc.
	2	Medium damage: significant breakage of materials or several small areas where material has been damaged revealing loose Asbestos fibres.
	3	High damage or delamination of materials, Sprays and thermal insulation. Visible Asbestos debris.
Surface treatment	0	Composite materials containing asbestos: Reinforced plastics, resins, vinyl tiles.
	1	Enclosed sprays and lagging, AIB (with exposed face painted or encapsulated), asbestos cement sheets etc.
	2	Unsealed AIB, or encapsulated lagging and sprays.
	3	Unsealed lagging and sprays.
Asbestos type	1	Chrysotile.
	2	Amphibole asbestos excluding crocidolite.
	3	Crocidolite or presumed asbestos.
Total	5	Example only (low potential).

Material with assessment scores of 10 or more are regarded as having high potential to release fibres, if disturbed. Scores of between 7 and 9 have medium potential. Scores of between 5 and 6 are low potential and scores of 4 or less have a very low potential to release fibres.

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- 8.1 The findings of the sampling have been recorded using an Asbestos Identification Register. Asbestos containing materials (ACM) are in **Red**, others are in **Green**.

ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION REGISTER

Property: St Andrews Church – Keighley

Survey Sample Ref	Zone Level	Room/ Location	Element	Material Condition	Material Access	Material Extent Approx.	Cert. No/ Analytical Result	Material Assessment	Material & Type	Priority Assessment
Church Hall										
PEL-01	Ground	Main Hall	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-02	Ground	Kitchen	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-03	Ground	Corridor	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-04	External	Male W/C	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-05	External	Female W/C	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-06	External	Alan Chester Room	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-07	External	Alan Chester Room	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A

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ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION REGISTER

Property: St Andrews Church – Keighley

Survey Sample Ref	Zone Level	Room/ Location	Element	Material Condition	Material Access	Material Extent Approx.	Cert. No/ Analytical Result	Material Assessment	Material & Type	Priority Assessment
Main Church										
PEL-08	Ground	Main Open Church	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-09	Ground	Kitchen	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-10	Ground	Kitchen	Sink Pad	Fair	E	XI	Sampled 001	4	Bitumen	N/A
PEL-11	Ground	Boiler / Plant Room	Wall / Ceiling / Floor / Plant	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-12	Ground	Main Church	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-13	Ground	Main Church	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-14	Ground	Organ Blower Cupboard	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-15	Ground	Kitchen Cupboard	Floor tiles	Fair	E	2m2	Sampled 004	4	Bitumen	N/A

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ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION REGISTER

Property: St Andrews Church – Keighley

Survey Sample Ref	Zone Level	Room/ Location	Element	Material Condition	Material Access	Material Extent Approx.	Cert. No/ Analytical Result	Material Assessment	Material & Type	Priority Assessment
PEL-16	Ground	W/C	Floor tiles & Adhesive	Fair	E	2m2	Sampled 005	4	Bitumen	N/A
PEL-17	Ground	Office	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-18	Ground	Waiting Area	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-19	Ground	Stage	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-20	Ground	Storage Room	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-21	Ground	First Floor	Wall / Ceiling / Floor	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
PEL-22	Ground	Externals	All	N/A	N/A	N/A	Visual	0	N/A	N/A
					END					

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ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION REGISTER

Property: St Andrews Church – Keighley

Survey Sample Ref	Zone Level	Room/ Location	Element	Material Condition	Material Access	Material Extent Approx.	Cert. No/ Analytical Result	Material Assessment	Material & Type	Priority Assessment

KEY:

TYPE OF ASBESTOS	A = Amosite	CH = Chrysotile	CR = Crocidolite		
MATERIAL ELEMENT	AC = Asbestos cement	SC = Sprayed Coating	TI = Thermal insulation	AG = Asbestos Gasket Rope	AIB = Asbestos Insulation Board
CONDITION	G = Good	F = Fair	P = Poor		
Add	R = Raw	FR = Friable	E = Encapsulated	D = Damaged	
ACCESS	E = Easy	D = Difficult	N = No		

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9 . 0 A N A L Y T I C A L S T A N D A R D S

- 9.1 Phillip Environmental Ltd will use only (UKAS) United Kingdom Accreditation Service accredited laboratories for:

- **Sampling and Counting Asbestos Fibres in Air**
- **Sampling and identification of Asbestos in Bulk Materials**

The standards implemented by UKAS (United Kingdom Accreditation Services) are made by the European Committee for standardisation (CEN) and it's Electrotechnical equivalent CEN ELEC - these bodies publish standards on the operation and accreditation of laboratories.

Laboratories meeting UKAS requirements for calibration and testing activities comply with the relevant requirements of BS5750/ISO 9000 series of standards.

- 9.2 In addition, to comply WITH the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012, employers should ensure that laboratories, which they use for asbestos fibre counting, have the necessary facilities, expertise and quality control procedures to provide accurate results. This can be guaranteed by using laboratories accredited by UKAS and participants in the RICE scheme.

9.3 Bulk Analysis

- 9.3.1 Analysis of the samples will be carried out using methods approved by the United Kingdom Accreditation Services. (UKAS)
- 9.3.2 The samples are initially examined under the stereo binocular microscope at low magnification using incident illumination. Representative sub-samples of the fibres observed in each sample are selected, cleaned and mounted on clean microscope slides in Cargille Liquids of known refractive index. Identification will be made by means of polarisers, dispersion staining and quartz "tint" plate.

10.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY

- 10.1 Phillip Environmental Ltd discussed details of safety, together with any information on known hazards with the site representative.
- 10.2 Phillip Environmental Ltd have carried out a risk assessment on site to assess the risks associated with surveying and sampling within the building.

11.0 PHOTOGRAPHIC & DRAWING RECORDS

- 11.1 The following pages contain photographs taken, which show all areas of the building and drawings depicting positions of asbestos found during the survey.

Identification & Location Register

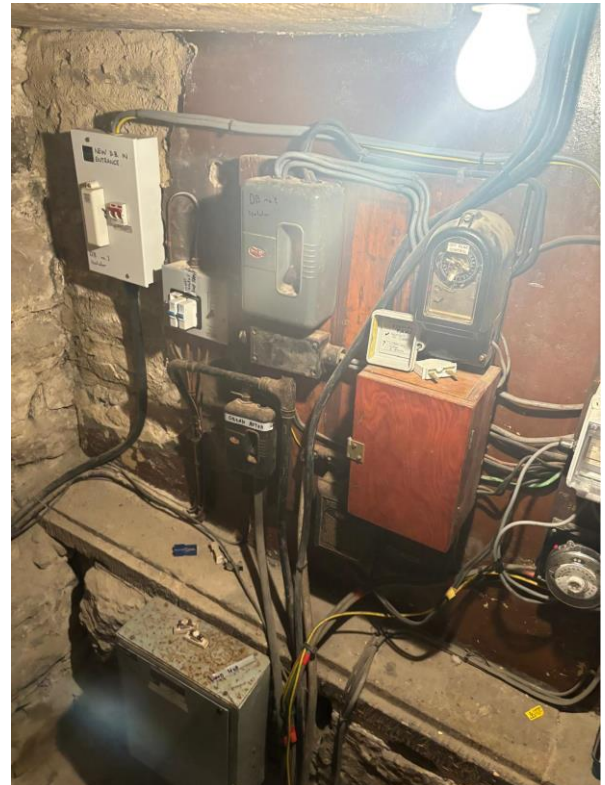
Survey ID	PEL-01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 06 / 07		
Location:	Church Hall		
Item:	Walls / Ceiling / Floor		
Approx. Extent:	N/A	Score:	
Product Type:	N/A	0	
Condition:	N/A	0	
Surface Treatment:	N/A	0	
Asbestos Type(s):	NAD	0	
MRA Risk Category:	N/A	MRA: 0	
Sample Reference:	N/A		
Identification Method:	Visual		
Accessibility:	Fair		
			

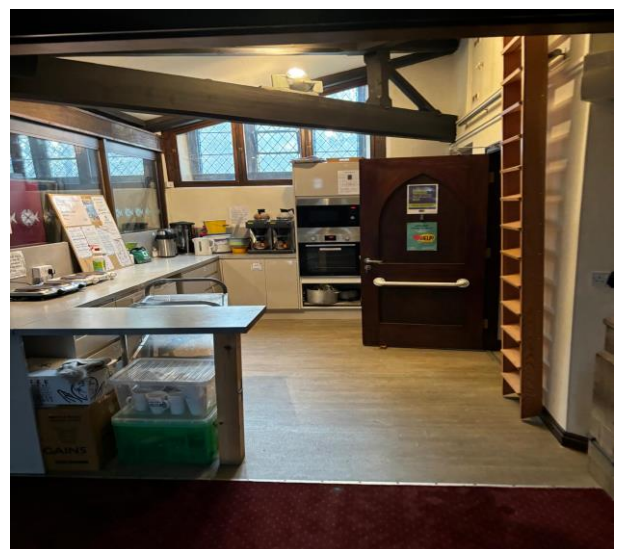
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Action:	N/A	

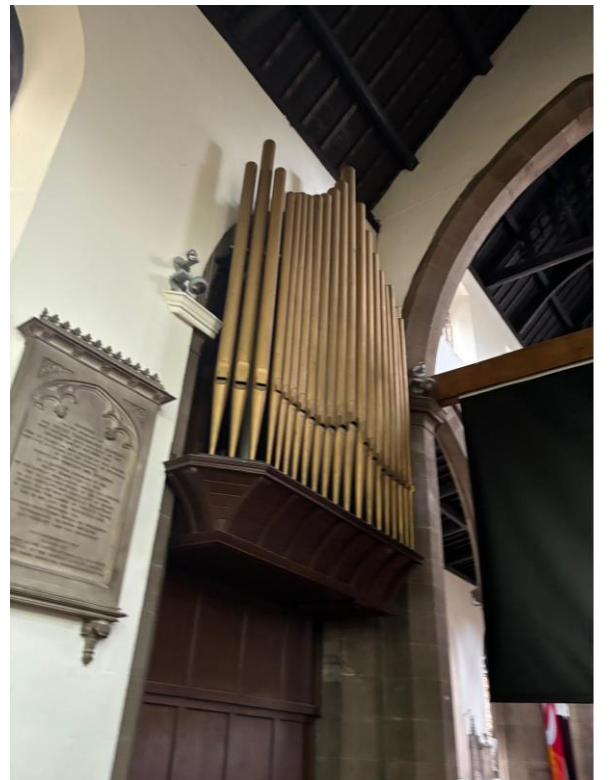
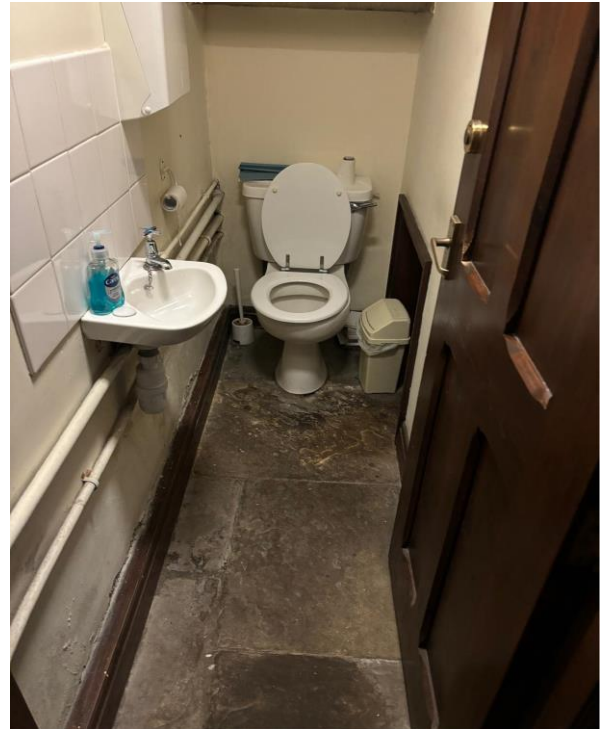
Survey ID	PEL-08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 17 / 18 / 19 / 20 / 21 / 22		
Location:	Main Church Building		
Item:	Walls / Ceiling / Floor		
Approx. Extent:	N/A	Score:	
Product Type:	N/A		0
Condition:	N/A		0
Surface Treatment:	N/A		0
Asbestos Type(s):	NAD		0
MRA Risk Category:	N/A	MRA:	0
Sample Reference:	N/A		
Identification Method:	Visual		
Accessibility:	Fair		





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Action:	N/A	

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Survey ID	PEL-10		
Location:	Kitchen		
Item:	Sink Pad		
Approx. Extent:	X1	Score:	
Product Type:	Bitumen		1
Condition:	Good		1
Surface Treatment:	Unsealed		1
Asbestos Type(s):	Chrysotile		1
MRA Risk Category:	N/A	MRA:	4
Sample Reference:	001		
Identification Method:	Sampled		
Accessibility:	Easy		
Action:	Remove ACMs in accordance with the 2012 Asbestos Regulations by a competent / trained contractor.		



Survey ID	PEL-15		
Location:	Kitchen Cupboard		
Item:	Floor Tile		
Approx. Extent:	2m2	Score:	
Product Type:	Vinyl		1
Condition:	Good		1
Surface Treatment:	Unsealed		1
Asbestos Type(s):	Chrysotile		1
MRA Risk Category:	N/A	MRA:	4
Sample Reference:	005		
Identification Method:	Sampled		
Accessibility:	Easy		
Action:	Remove ACMs in accordance with the 2012 Asbestos Regulations by a competent / trained contractor.		



Survey ID	PEL-16		
Location:	W/C		
Item:	Floor Tile and Adhesive		
Approx. Extent:	2m2	Score:	
Product Type:	Bitumen	I	
Condition:	Good	I	
Surface Treatment:	Unsealed	I	
Asbestos Type(s):	Chrysotile	I	
MRA Risk Category:	N/A	MRA:	4
Sample Reference:	005		
Identification Method:	Sampled		
Accessibility:	Easy		
Action:	Remove ACMs in accordance with the 2012 Asbestos Regulations by a competent / trained contractor.		

12.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- 12.1 This survey is for the purpose identifying any asbestos risks.
- 12.2 Remove ACMs in accordance with the 2012 Asbestos Regulations by a competent / trained contractor.

Please Note: This report contains opinion and interpretation that fall outside the scope of UKAS accreditation, which is limited to the analysis and identification of asbestos containing materials.

Certificate of Bulk Analysis for Asbestiform Materials



Certificate of Bulk Analysis | Scopus Asbestos Compliance Ltd



10483

Certificate of Bulk Analysis

Customer: Elite Asbestos Solutions Ltd
Customer Address: Suite 7, Ryefield House, 180 Highgate Road, Queensbury, Bradford, BD13 1DR
Site Address: St Andrews Church, Keighley, BD21 5HT
Client Reference: -

Project Number: P-56398
Samples Received On: 25/11/2024
Samples Taken By: Client
No of Samples: 9
Date of Analysis: 25/11/2024

Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Sample Location	Sample Details	Asbestos Type(s) Present	Analysts Name
S001	001	Kitchen	Sink Pad - Bituminous Product	Chrysotile	Varsha Kamireddy
S002	002	Electrical Cupboard	Woven Product	NAD	Varsha Kamireddy
S003	003	Organ Blower Cupboard	Insulating Board	NAD	Varsha Kamireddy
S004	004	Kitchen Cupboard	Floor - Thermoplastic Tiles	Chrysotile	Varsha Kamireddy
S005	005	WC	Floor - Thermoplastic Tiles	Chrysotile in Tile & Adhesive	Varsha Kamireddy
S006	006	Kitchen Cupboard	Sink Pad - Bituminous Product	NAD	Varsha Kamireddy
S007	007	1st Floor	Flooring - Vinyl Product	NAD	Varsha Kamireddy
S008	008	Hall / Kitchen	Sink Pad - Bituminous Product	NAD	Varsha Kamireddy
S009	009	Hall	Fire Door Frame - Insulating Board	NAD	Varsha Kamireddy

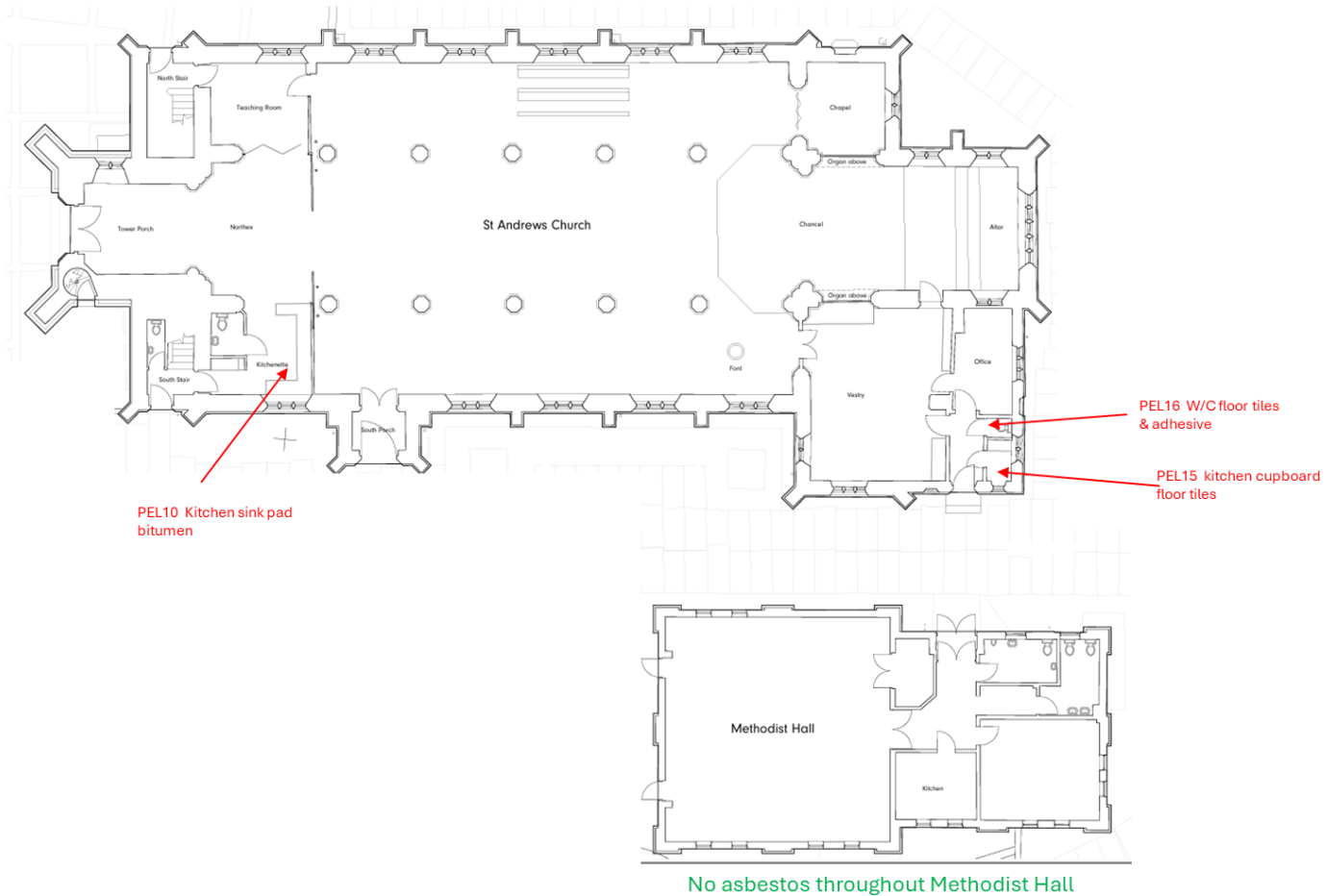
Key: NAD = No Asbestos Detected

Authorised Signatory:		Name / Position:	Varsha Kamireddy/Deputy Quality Manager	Date of Issue:	25/11/2024
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Diagram



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